# PROCEEDINGS

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OF THE

# ZOOLOGICAL SOCIETY

# OF LONDON.

PART II.

1834.



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## March 11, 1834.

### William Spence, Esq., in the Chair.

Specimens and drawings were exhibited of a *freshwater Tortoise*, forming part of the collection of Mr. Bell, by whom it was described as the type of a new genus, for which he proposed the name of

#### CYCLEMYS.

Sternum latum, testanı dorsalem longitudine ferè æquans, integrum, solidum ; testæ dorsali ligamento squamato connexum.

CYCLEMYS ORBICULATA. Cycl. testá suborbiculari, carinatá, postice dentatá, fuscá; scutis sterni flavescentibus, fusco radiatim lineatis. Long. dorsi, 8 unc.; lat. 7; alt. 3.

Emys orbiculata, Bell.

Pullus. Emys Dhor, Gray, Syn. Rept., p. 20.?

Hab. in Indiâ.

Mr. Bell regards the Tortoise which he has thus characterized as supplying a link in the connecting series of the land with the freshwater families which has hitherto been wanting; and as especially valuable in the natural arrangement, by the clue which it furnishes to the correct location of the Indian forms of the genus Emys. It is. indeed, most nearly related to Emys spinosa, and on a superficial observation might almost be referred to that species; but on closer examination it is found to differ from that Tortoise, not only specifically, but generically also : its sternal bones are permanently separated from the dorsal ones, with which they are connected by means of a ligament alone, similar to that which performs the same office in Terrapene. From the Box-Tortoises, however, to which, in this point of its structure, it is so closely related, Cyclemys is altogether distinct, the whole of its sternum heing entire, instead of having, as is invariably the case in *Terrapene*, one or more transverse divisions of the sternum itself, the lobes of which move as on a hinge. In Terr. Europæa this mobility of the sternum exists in each lobe in a small degree, combined with the ligamentous connexion of the sternal to the dorsal bones. In Cyclemys the whole sternum moves together, though very slightly.

The transition from the land to the freshwater Tortoises may consequently be regarded as commencing in Terrapene; passing through Terr. Europæa to Cyclemys orbiculata; and thence through the Indian forms of Emys, which so closely resemble the latter species, to the other forms of Emys: the natural series of connexion between the Testudinidæ and the Emydidæ being thus completed.

The exhibition was resumed of the new species of *Shells* contained in the collection of Mr. Cuming. Those now exhibited were accom-No. XV. PROCEEDINGS OF THE ZOOLOGICAL SOCIETY.